

Haiti: 10 months on

from the 12 January earthquake

Feeding people

- Within 24 hours, WFP started an emergency operation to feed survivors.
- In the week afterwards, WFP delivered 1 million rations to more than 200,000 people.
- Six weeks after the quake, in February, WFP food reached some 4 million Haitians.
- Now focusing on long-term food security.

Preparation for the Hurricane Season

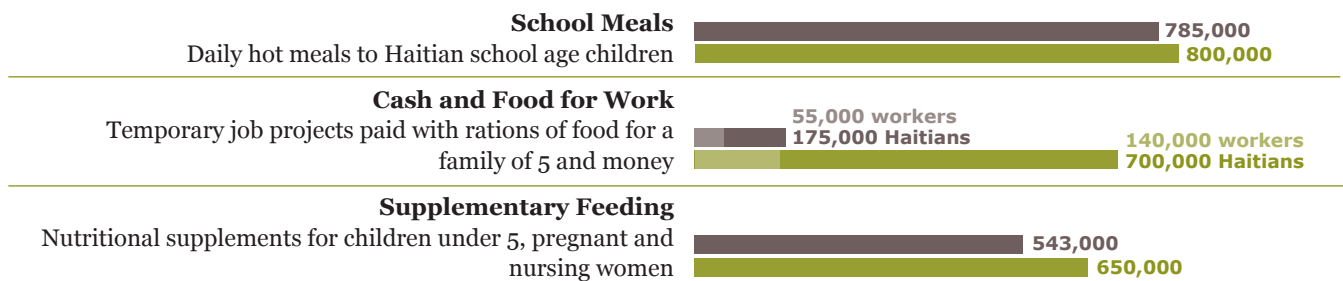
- Prepositioning enough food across Haiti to feed 1.1 million people for 6 weeks.
- Prepositioning relief supplies for other aid organizations.
- Operating a barge to connect Haitian ports if roads become impassable.

Nutrition

- WFP's food basket is made up of: Rice, beans, oil, sugar, salt.
- Products to tackle malnutrition: Fortified peanut paste, Corn Soya Blend, Micronutrient sprinkles.

What we are doing now

■ current number of people reached
■ 2010 target



Supporting the wider humanitarian effort

WFP Logistics

- Opened up air, sea and land corridors to get help in to Haiti.
- Transported food, relief items and humanitarian personnel from several hundred organizations to urban and remote areas.
- UN Humanitarian Air Service (UNHAS) provided vital link between Santo Domingo, Haiti's main cities and areas rendered inaccessible by road.

WFP Telecommunications

- After the quake, landlines, cell phones and satellite communications were all down.
- Within days, WFP specialists connected aid workers to each other and the world.
- WFP's team has provided additional VHF coverage in the affected areas and 5 wireless networks in Port-au-Prince, Jacmel and Leogane.

Challenges

- Keep increasing the reach of our programmes.
- Work with partners to boost capacity to implement programmes effectively.

What's next

- Assist the government to increase its capacity to reduce food insecurity.
- Put in place long-term strategies for food security.
- Contribute to the development of the agricultural sector.
- Stimulate the markets and local economy through local purchases.